

The Conditional Tenses in English in conjunction with Talk to the Monkey!

Conditionals are sentences with <u>two clauses</u> – an <u>'if clause and a main clause</u>. There are **four main conditionals** that are commonly used in the English language: **zero** conditional, **first** conditional, **second** conditional and **third** conditional.

Zero Conditional

We use the zero conditional to talk about things that are always true:

If/when + simple present..., simple present...

The English monkey says...

- When you write a new word down, you remember it more easily
- If you practice, you improve.

First Conditional

We use the first conditional to talk about **real and possible** situations. The first conditional uses the **if/then** structure and the words **will, shall, can or may** to convey the *future* action being considered.

If + present simple..., will, shall, may, can + infinitive.

The English monkey says...

- If you read this tutorial until the end, you will be very knowledgeable on the condition tenses in English.
- If you practice your English diligently every day, you may be mistaken for a native speaker one day!
- You **shall** really improve your listening, **if you** watch films and TV series in English.
- If you don't understand a word, you can always consult your friendly dictionary!



Second Conditional

In some ways it is similar to the first conditional. It uses the same structure, but instead of using the words will, shall, can, or may, the second conditional uses **would, could, or might**.

We use the **second conditional** to talk about **unreal but not physically impossible** situation; they *could* happen.



If + past simple..., would, could, might + infinitive.

The English monkey says...

- f I had a million dollars, I might buy a house in NYC and live there 6 months a year.
- If I spent six months a year in NYC, I would be fluent in English.
- If I became president, I could improve the English taught in French schools!

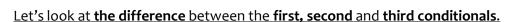
Third Conditional

While the first and second conditionals talk about possible future events, the third conditional deals with the **past**.

The third conditional talks about events in the past and the *effects* of those *past events* <u>not</u> *happening*. It uses the words would/could/might have to convey these impossible events.

If... + past perfect (had + past participle)..., would/could/might have + past participle

- If I hadn't read this interesting tutorial, I might have remained ignorant about the conditional tenses for years to come.
- If I had bought a lottery ticket, I could have won the jackpot and bought an apartment in NYC.
- If I had started learning English at the age of 3, I would have been fluent a long time ago.



You are planning to buy the house: <u>If I can</u> get more money together, <u>I'll buy</u> that apartment in Brooklyn!

Buying the house is virtually impossible: <u>If I won</u> the lottery, <u>I would buy</u> that apartment in Brooklyn!

It is now impossible to buy the house (too late): <u>If I had won</u> the lottery, <u>I could have bought</u> that house in Brooklyn!

